

Homework 4 - Angular momentum

Q4.1. Let

$$\hat{L}_{ab} = \hat{x}_a \hat{p}_b - \hat{x}_b \hat{p}_a \quad (\text{Q4.1.1})$$

for $a, b \in \{1, 2, 3\}$, and

$$\hat{L}^2 = \hat{L}_{12}^2 + \hat{L}_{23}^2 + \hat{L}_{31}^2 \quad (\text{Q4.1.2})$$

Show that

$$\left[\hat{L}_{ab}, \hat{L}_{bc} \right] = i\hbar \hat{L}_{ca} \quad (\text{Q4.1.3})$$

and

$$\left[\hat{L}_{ab}, \hat{L}^2 \right] = 0 \quad (\text{Q4.1.4})$$

for $a, b, c \in \{1, 2, 3\}$ and $a \neq b \neq c$.

A4.1. Using Eqs. (Q4.1.1), (1.1.16) and (1.2.3),

$$\begin{aligned} \left[\hat{L}_{ab}, \hat{L}_{bc} \right] &= [(\hat{x}_a \hat{p}_b - \hat{x}_b \hat{p}_a), (\hat{x}_b \hat{p}_c - \hat{x}_c \hat{p}_b)] \\ &= [\hat{x}_a \hat{p}_b, \hat{x}_b \hat{p}_c] - [\hat{x}_a \hat{p}_b, \hat{x}_c \hat{p}_b] - [\hat{x}_b \hat{p}_a, \hat{x}_b \hat{p}_c] + [\hat{x}_b \hat{p}_a, \hat{x}_c \hat{p}_b] \\ &= \hat{x}_a \hat{p}_c [\hat{p}_b, \hat{x}_b] + \hat{x}_c \hat{p}_a [\hat{x}_b, \hat{p}_b] \\ &= i\hbar \hat{L}_{ca} \end{aligned} \quad (\text{A4.1.1})$$

and, using Eqs. (1.1.16) and (Q4.1.3),

$$\begin{aligned} \left[\hat{L}_{ab}, \hat{L}_{bc}^2 \right] &= \left[\hat{L}_{ab}, \hat{L}_{bc} \right] \hat{L}_{bc} - \hat{L}_{bc} \left[\hat{L}_{bc}, \hat{L}_{ab} \right] \\ &= i\hbar \hat{L}_{ca} \hat{L}_{bc} + i\hbar \hat{L}_{bc} \hat{L}_{ca} \\ &= \hat{L}_{ca} \left[\hat{L}_{ca}, \hat{L}_{ab} \right] + \left[\hat{L}_{ca}, \hat{L}_{ab} \right] \hat{L}_{ca} \\ &= - \left[\hat{L}_{ab}, \hat{L}_{ca}^2 \right] \end{aligned} \quad (\text{A4.1.2})$$

therefore

$$\left[\hat{L}_{ab}, \hat{L}^2 \right] = \left[\hat{L}_{ab}, \left(\hat{L}_{ab}^2 + \hat{L}_{bc}^2 + \hat{L}_{ca}^2 \right) \right] = 0 \quad (\text{A4.1.3})$$

Q4.2. Determine the eigenvalues of \hat{L}^2 and \hat{L}_{12} by considering the properties of

$$\hat{L}_{\pm} = \hat{L}_{23} \pm i\hat{L}_{31} \quad (\text{Q4.2.1})$$

in a manor similar to Section (1.2.4).

A4.2. \hat{L}^2 and \hat{L}_{12} are commuting Hermitian operators and so have a complete set of common eigenvectors

$$\hat{L}^2 |\lambda, \mu\rangle = \lambda |\lambda, \mu\rangle \quad (\text{A4.2.1})$$

$$\hat{L}_{12} |\lambda, \mu\rangle = \mu |\lambda, \mu\rangle \quad (\text{A4.2.2})$$

Eqs. (Q4.2.1) and (Q4.1.3) give

$$\left[\hat{L}_{12}, \hat{L}_{\pm} \right] = i\hbar \left(\hat{L}_{31} \mp i\hat{L}_{23} \right) = \pm \hbar \hat{L}_{\pm} \quad (\text{A4.2.3})$$

therefore

$$\hat{L}_{12} \hat{L}_{\pm} = \hat{L}_{\pm} \left(\hat{L}_{12} \pm \hbar \right) \quad (\text{A4.2.4})$$

therefore, using Eq. (A4.2.2),

$$\hat{L}_{\pm} |\lambda, \mu\rangle \propto |\lambda, \mu \pm \hbar\rangle \quad (\text{A4.2.5})$$

similar to Eqs. (1.2.40) and (1.2.41).

Eqs. (Q4.2.1), (Q4.1.3) and (Q4.1.2) give

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{L}_{\pm}^{\dagger} \hat{L}_{\pm} &= \left(\hat{L}_{23} \mp i\hat{L}_{31} \right) \left(\hat{L}_{23} \pm i\hat{L}_{31} \right) \\ &= \hat{L}_{23}^2 + \hat{L}_{31}^2 \mp \hbar \hat{L}_{12} \\ &= \hat{L}^2 - \hat{L}_{12} \left(\hat{L}_{12} \pm \hbar \right) \end{aligned} \quad (\text{A4.2.6})$$

therefore, using Eqs. (A4.2.1) and (A4.2.2),

$$\left| \hat{L}_{\pm} |\lambda, \mu\rangle \right|^2 = \{ \lambda - \mu (\mu \pm \hbar) \} \langle \lambda, \mu | \lambda, \mu \rangle \quad (\text{A4.2.7})$$

therefore

$$\mu (\mu \pm \hbar) \leq \lambda \quad (\text{A4.2.8})$$

and

$$\hat{L}_{\pm} |\lambda, \mu\rangle = 0 \iff \mu (\mu \pm \hbar) = \lambda \quad (\text{A4.2.9})$$

similar to Eqs. (1.2.43) and (1.2.44).

Eq. (A4.2.8) implies

$$-\frac{\sqrt{4\lambda + \hbar^2} - \hbar}{2} \leq \mu \leq \frac{\sqrt{4\lambda + \hbar^2} - \hbar}{2} \quad (\text{A4.2.10})$$

therefore, using Eqs. (A4.2.5) and (A4.2.9),

$$\sqrt{4\lambda + \hbar^2} \in \{ \hbar, 2\hbar, 3\hbar, \dots \} \quad (\text{A4.2.11})$$

and

$$\mu = -\frac{\sqrt{4\lambda + \hbar^2} - \hbar}{2}, \dots, \frac{\sqrt{4\lambda + \hbar^2} - 3\hbar}{2}, \frac{\sqrt{4\lambda + \hbar^2} - \hbar}{2} \quad (\text{A4.2.12})$$

Parametrizing the eigenvalues as

$$\sqrt{4\lambda + \hbar^2} = (2l + 1) \hbar \quad (\text{A4.2.13})$$

i.e.

$$\lambda = l(l+1)\hbar^2 \quad (\text{A4.2.14})$$

and

$$\mu = m\hbar \quad (\text{A4.2.15})$$

Eqs. (A4.2.11) and (A4.2.12) become

$$l \in \left\{ 0, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{3}{2}, 2, \dots \right\} \quad (\text{A4.2.16})$$

and

$$m = -l, \dots, l-1, l \quad (\text{A4.2.17})$$

similar to Eq. (1.2.47).